## MISSOURI STATE BOARD OF HEALTH

a Andrew	BUREAU OF VITAL STATISTICS CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
B- 11-	$\mathcal{G}$ 20355
	on District No. 50/29, Registered No.
2FULL NAME Mary Same	St.: Ward)    If death occurred in a hospital or institution, give its NAME instead of street and number.)
PERSONAL AND STATISTICAL PARTICULARS	3 MEDICAL CERTIFICATE OF DEATH
Truce While (Brite the word)	16 DATE OF DEATH  (Month)  (Day)  (Year)
G DATE OF BIRTH  April 1845  (Month) (Day) (Year)	17 I HEREBY CERTIFY, that I attended deceased from June 19. 1916, to Jenne 28. 1916.
7 AGE If LESS then	that I last saw h. Excelive on January 7.8 1916
67 yrs 2 mos 14ds or min.?	and that death occurred, on the dote stated above, at
8 occupation (a) Trade, profession, or Warres luping he particular kind of work	3. Signilar
(b) General nature of industry business, or establishment in which employed (or employer)	3 Jaysen Jos
9 BIRTHPLACE (City or town, State or foreign country)  State or foreign country)	(Duration) yra 3 ma 13 da
10 NAME OF Joseph Saunder	(Secondary) (Decation) 2 0 yrs mos ds.
11 BIRTHPLACE OF FATHER (Circ or town, State or foreign country)	(Signed) Nogaullagt M. D. 4/28, 1916 (Address) Bolckon, M.
of MOTHER Wary arell-Larking	*State the Disease Causing Death, or, in deaths from Violent Causes, state (1) Means of Injury; and (2) whether Accidental, Suicidal or Homicidal.
13 BIRTHPLACE OF MOTHER (City or town, State or foreign country)	18 LENGTH OF RESIDENCE (For Hospitals, Institutions, Transients, or Recent Residents)  At place  In the
14 THE ABOVE IS TRUE TO THE BEST OF MY KNOWLEDGE	of deathyrsmosds. Stateyrsmosds. Where was disease contracted
(Informant) Mires Arme Kimpe	if not at place of death?  Former or usual residence
(Address) 10 Nekow ms	19 PLACE OF BURIAL OR REMOVAL PATE OF BURIAL
Filed June 28 1916 NW Bosch	20 UNDERTAKER ADDRESS

## Revised United States Standard Certificate of Death

[Approved by U. S. Census and American Public Health Association]

Statement of occupation.—Precise statement of occupation is very important, so that the relative healthfulness of various pursuits can be known. The question applies to each and every person, irrespective of age. For many occupations a single word or term on the first line will be sufficient, e. g., Farmer or Planter, Physician, Compositor, Architect, Locomotive engineer, Civil engineer, Stationary fireman, etc. But in many cases, especially in industrial employments, it is necessary to know (a) the kind of work and also (b) the nature of the business or industry, and therefore an additional line is provided for the latter statement; it should be used only when needed. As examples: (a) Spinner, (b) Cotton mill; (a) Salesman, (b) Grocery; (a) Foreman; (b) Automobile factory. The material worked on may form part of the second statement. Never return "Laborer," "Foreman," "Manager," "Dealer," etc., without more precise specification, as Day laborer, Farm laborer, Laborer-Coal mine, etc. Women at home, who are engaged in the duties of the household only (not paid Housekeeper's who receive a definite salary), may be entered as Housewife, Housework, or At home, and children, not gainfully employed, as At school or At home. Care should be taken to report specifically the occupations of persons engaged in domestic service for wages, as Servant, Cook, Housemaid, etc. If the occupation has been changed or given up on account of the DISEASE CAUSING DEATH, state occupation at beginning of illness. If retired from business, that fact may be indicated thus: Farmer (retired, 6 yrs.) For persons who have no occupation whatever, write None.

use of "Tumor" for malignant neoplasms); Measles; Whooping cough; Chronic valvular heart disease; Chronic interstitial nephritis, etc. The contributory (secondary or intercurrent) affection need not be stated unless important. Example: Measles (disease causing death), 29 ds.; Bronchopneumonia (secondary), 10 ds. Never report mere symptoms or terminal conditions, such as "Asthenia," "Anaemia" (merely symptomatic), "Atrophy," "Collapse," "Coma," "Convulsions," "Debility" ("Congenital," "Senile," etc.), "Dropsy," "Exhaustion," "Heart 'failure,'"."Haemorrhage," "Inanition," "Marasmus," "Old age," "Shock," "Uraemia," "Weakness," etc., when a definite disease can be ascertained as the cause. Always qualify all diseases resulting from childbirth or miscarriage, as "Puerperal "septichaemia," "Puerperal peritonitis," etc. State cause for which surgical operation was undertaken. For VIOLENT DEATHS state MEANS OF INJURY and qualify as ACCIDENTAL, SUICIDAL, OR HOMI-CIDAL, or as probably such, if impossible to determine definitely. Examples: Accidental drowning; Struck by . railway train-accident; Revolver wound of head-homicide; Poisoned by carbolic acid-probably suicide. The nature of the injury, as fracture of skull, and consequences (e. g., sepsis, telanus) may be stated under the head of "Contributory." (Recommendations on statement of cause of death approved by Committee on Nomenclature of the American Medical Association.)